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SUMMARY

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The Woice of the Slovak Republic transmitter, which made its first appearance on April 16, after the trial of Dr. Tiso, and which speaks on behalf of the "Slovak Action Committee" in favor of a Slovak State independent of the "Czecho-Communists" in power in Prague, has succeeded in partially evading the intensive jamming by other transmitters and is again monitorable.

The station now openly announces itself as the "Voice of the Slovak Republic of the Spanish Radio Nactional" and the transmissions of Monday, May 19 stresped the anti-Communist rold of Spain and that country's support of the Slovek Independence movement.

On May 18 a broadcast asked "all correspondents of the Slovak Information Service" to send in reports to the station on now it is being received, and on May 19 the station reported that the Czechosloviks are preparing to use 12 transmitters to jam it.

Calling all Slovaks to remain faithful to the idea's of national independence, the station declares that those who remain faithful to these ideals will reap the fruit of liberation; those that betray them must be punished. Asserting that the "promises of the Atlantic Charter have been suspended only temporarily" and the "conscience of the world is wakening," the station urges underground organization and resistance "to the transfer of Slovake to the Czech lends," a reference to the program of settling Slovaks in the territory evacuated by the Sudeten Germans. Specific advice is offered on the writing of alogans in public places and the formation of underground cells consisting of no more than two to six persons. Activity of the "Youth Resistance" movement is encouraged. The station promise: that in 1948 and 1949 "the Slaves in the world will be liberated from the Rel pest and tyranny" and that the efforts to "destroy the western democracies with the help of the Communist Farties" will be opposed by the world public who will put an end to Bolshevik infiltration."

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Speaking of the ""he Greeke-Corruntat and Slevak traitorous elique... whose only support is the districted power of the Soviet Union... has corritted the spet shanchil and in-human act." Castingting at as "a crist organize the Catholic Church, humanity, and the Slovak Intion," the speaker cays that "all persons pertuipating or in any way implicated in this set are encorrundousled from the University Catholic Church, expelled from the society of mandain, and from Slovak nettonal life."

A special nessage of Dr. Tice allegedly written "just two hours before his death" calls or. Slowls to pursue "the great principle for Gos and country." Asserting that I consider gwolf a principal leader in the defense of Christianity against Delahorism, "Tico's nessage calls for God's bleesing on the Slowk Estato, and is dated "in Bratislava, 18 April, 1947, 3100 ann."

Other broadcasts exphasize the duty of stery Slowak to halp "in the destruction of the Creck-Communist regime" whose "bloody, arbitrary rule util soon cent to an end," and declare that the Slowak action Committee is headed by Dr. Ferdinand Durcanney in Saleburg. (Durcanney was sentenced to death in absentin at the same time as Dr. Theo.) Assenting that Slowakie's claim to independence is fully recognized "by leading personages" in the U.S. (Camada, and Spain, one broadcast says that there is scall under that there "is so much insitement against the France regime in Propus," and it previses that the U.S. tuil five Spain much economic help "that the fury of the commades will know no end."

The "Voice of the Slovak Republic" transmitter continues its daily broadcasts in favor of Slovak separatism. Broadcasts carry the alogan "this year over to the attack! every trace of the Scood Cacchelolovak Republic will be orased." Listemers are repeatedly resinted to write the letters "SAT" standing for the Slovak Action Cornittee in all public places in Slovakia and transmissions continue to defend Dr. Tico as a martyr, depending in part on quotations from the Torogan prece.

On Wednesday (Nay 21) the Italian paper LA CIVILTA CATTOLICA and the Swiss BASLER MACHRICHTEN are cited.

Another broadcast implies that preparations for a revolt are already underway, with the assertion that " a rising is in preparation sgainst the Cormunist Government... Insurgent troops are already being organized... even in Boheria," A captain Svoboda is said to be in charge of partienns in the Zruy forest and at Polisha a Colonel is alleged to have organized a whole division whiting for the signal "to sueep the traitors of the nation from the castle of Prague," ("May 20, 1947)

That these broadcasts are having effect in Slovakia is indicated by the newspaper SVDDDIE NOVEM which, while generally friendly to Dr. Benes, often criticises the policy of the government. This paper declares that the "ostenable religious processions now taking place in Slovakia in reality have a political character, being "silent deconstructions for These those last will—real or apocryphal—is being circulated in Slovakia" and 'sich "are broadcast from soncentere in the United States Zone of Germany." (Prague to Diplomatic Missions, May 20, 1947)

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APPENDIX

Frague, Czochonlovak Hone Service, in Czech, Apr. 17, 1947, 5:00 a.n. EST-L (Text)

"NUDE FRAVO reports that Durennelly, the has just been sentenced to death, is running a propagenda companies against the Republic by radio from abroad. In a shortware transition calling itself "Broadcast of the Stowik Republic from Averica," Durennelly radio a posech. He revilled the Republic and Procident Benes and described the alleged Fearful conditions in Slovalia, there no one less that would happen to him the nort day, there there was no religious freedom, and from there people were being deported to the USSR.

He also amounced that the so-called Slovak Action Cormittee in How York, whose chairman he is, has ladged a protest with the U. N. against the sentence of the Bratislava Hational Court."

(Editor's Note)

A clarification breadcasting in English and operating on 6750 kilocycles (As.45 ineters) was heard at 5:05 p.n. EST on Apr. 16. The station identified itself as "Viote of the Slovak Republic" but no mention was me'e of America. The location of the transmitter has not yet been determined.

A petition from the Slovak Action Cormittee to the United Intions was read, which concluded as follows: "We claim that the benefit of Christian democracy be applied to the Sloval Intion. We claim that the principle of the Atlanta Churter of the United Intion, we claim that the principle of the Atlanta Churter of the United Intion be valid also for the Slovaka. He also claim indicardual freedoms for the Slovaka. Slovaka can the bord of the Community aggreeous and a Oscela-Cormunity Community aggreeous and a Oscela-Cormunity Community.

We claim the reestablishment of a descentic and Shristian Slovak Republic. The resolve of the Slovak latton to shake off the yoke of Communit Caschoalovakia is filmer today than over before."

"Voice of the Slovak Republic" (Clandestine), in English on 44.45 meters, Apr. 16, 1947, 5:00 p.m. EST-L

(Excerpts)

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(Intercepted in progress) "... Republic was not the result of external intervention. Its creation called for no foreign support nor use the approval or consent of Germany cought or desend necessary. The charge cannot be made that to the detrinent of the Slowak Republic, with the creation of the Slowak Republic, the Gentane overren and complied the Cascal lands, for the two events here no relation to each other.

"That the sum total of these circumstances conformed with the state of international law is borne witness to in that the Slovak Republic was within a short time recognized by 27 foreign Powers. That recognizing ones not only from additioning obtates, not from States collaborating with Germany, as propaganda hostile to the Slovak cause has asserted and continues to assert, but also from States that, as the war progressed, remained neutral—Switzerland, The Vatican, I weden, Spain, and others.

"The Slovak Republic was not recognised by the United States but the reason for this may be found in the propaganda directed against the Slovak Republic, which propaganda represented Slovakia as a pupper creation of Germany whose territory was occupied by German Miltary forces. The truth today is that this base assertion has no basis in fact. On the contrary what the facts

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have proved is that the theory of the legal continuity of Czechoslovakia is without foundation. The creation of the Slevak Republic was not the result of any act of force or aggression and therefore the political principle of nonrecognition does not validly apply to it.

The existence of the Slovak Republic was based in fact on the relative laws. It is unthinkable therefore that the acts of the representatives of the Slovak Republic should be judged by a court established by Czechoslovakia, since Czechoslovakia is neither legally nor norally justified in examining and judging the acts of the representatives of the Slovak Republic. Since the Gzechoslovakia of today is not the Czechoslovakia of the years before the war, the organs of the present Czechoslovakia are legally without jurisdiction over acts which led to the creation of the Slovak Republic.

"Slovak representatives could not have consisted any acts of treason against the Czechoslovik Government, if they did not recognize the right of Czechoslovik Government, if they did not recognize the right of Czechoslovikia as the State to which they belonged or to which they owed allegiance. On the contrary, they looked upon Czechoslovikia as a State into which the Slovak people had been propelled by force and diplomatic intrigue. As such, it became not only the right but the duty of responsible representatives of the Glovak people to shake off what must be considered an immoral and harmful state of political oppression and they did so at the first norally and legally justifiable opportunity.

"The representatives of the Slovak Republic cannot be charged with being war criminals because of alleged collaboration with the Power occupying a small part of its land, and to charge them with war crimes which in fact they have never committed in the same cause in which the representatives of such Nations as Norway, Belgium and Holland are charged—Kany of whom collaborated with the enemy—means ignoring the true state of affairs in Slovakia curing the war. The situation in the Slovak Republic was far different from that of the countries named above and must be viewed as such, not only from this point of view but also from the standpoint of the complicated legal, political, historical, and moral questions it gives rice to.

"The proceedings of the National Court in Bratislava against President Tiso and other representatives of the Slovek Republic are not designed for the examination of war crimes, as these are defined in Article 6 of the charter of the international military tribunal. In the Bratislava trial, not only the persons of President Tiso and other Slovek representatives were involved but the political concept; that is, the idea of a Slovek Independent State, and the determination of the Slovek Nation as such. (Unintelligible pussage—Ed.)

"Mad Russia become the protector of the Slovek State instead of Cermany under the Presidency of Tiso, there would be no charge of treason today against the Chief of the Slovek Republic. Today it is estimated that three-fourths of the Slovek people are behind Tiso, for they regard him as a national martyr, and the Slovek ideal of self-government, and although aspirations of the Slovek Nation for independence are not quite so apparent today, yet they are just as strong in their opposition to the Czech regime in Prague and just as determined. Under Tiso's rule, Slovekia enjoyed national prosperity and it was favorably comparable to international prosperous economy.

Slovaks generally looked back upon the years 1938-39, when the established their own national Government, independent from the Czechoslovak Republic, as the only choice they had; a choice, it is true, that they naturally made in their own interests. And why not? At this time, Germany and Russia were still on friendly torms, and they both approved of the move that freed the Slovaks from the political yoke of the Czechs. There can be no doubt that Tiso had no other aims then that of establishing a free, independent Slovakia.

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(Here are given further unintelligible coment on Tiso's trial and the present situation in Slovakia.)

We claim that the benefit of Christian democracy be applied to the Slovak Nation. We claim that the principles of the Atlantic Charter of the United Nations be valid also for the Slovaks. We also claim fundamental freedom for the Slovak people and Slovakia. Slovaks want to be rid of the Czecho-Communist aggressors and a Czecho-Communist Czechoslovakia. 'e claim the reestablishment of a democratic and Christian Slovak Republic. The resolve of the Slovak Nation to shake off the yoke of Communist Czechoslovakia is firmer today than ever before."

(Amouncer): "You have heard a petition from the 'Slovak Action Counittee' to the United Nations."

(Editor's Note: The announcer spoke English with a strong Slovak accent.)

Prague, Czechoslovak Homo Service, in Czech, Apr. 13, 1947, 1:00 a.m. EST-L

(Text)

"On Apr. 18, 1947, at 5:30 a.m. the sentence of death by hanging was cerried out on Dr. Josef Tiso, who had been sentenced by the National Court in Bratislava.

"Dr Tiso had made a request for a reprieve which was, however, rejected and the sentence of the National Court was therefore carried out."

"Voice of the Slovak Republic" (Clandestine), in Slovak, on 44.5 meters, Apr. 13, 1947, 5:00 p.m. EST-L

Editor's Note: Heavy jamming made reception poor)

(Excerpts)

"Recording of a speech by Ferdinand Duramsky, Chairman of the Slovak Action Committee on the occasion of the death sentence passe" by the so-called National Court on Dr. Josef Tiso, the President of the Slovak Republic.

"The Slovak Action Committee raises its voice to call on all the Slovak people on the occasion of the murder of the Slovak President, Dr. Tiso. Slovak men and women, sadness fills the soul of the true Slovak. Boundless sorrow envelopes the whole of Slovakia. The whole Slovak Nation weeps and every Slovak man and woman useps. We mourn, for a heart has ceased to beat which loved the Slovak Nation more than its own life.

""A ariminal hand has dispatched to etermity the man who was the exponent of the Slovak Republic, the defender of the Slovak people's rights and freedom.

want to kill the Slovak Nation. The imperialists who are deliberatly destrohing Slovakia believed that they could reach their goal more easily if they destroyed him who gave national consciousness to the Slovak Nation. The slavedrivers who want to shame the Slovaks believed that they would more easily achieve this by killing the man who had the main share in liberating the Nation from the foreign yoke. They thought it necessary to kill the man who, in the eyes of Slovakia, represented the freedom of the Nation.

"Tiso's heart has ceased to beat. This is terrible news. But we must not abandon ourselves to lamentation. Nothing could more tarnish the newry of Dr. Tiso. For he worked throughout his life so that Slovakia should be better off. He went into politics to help his people regain an

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equal position among the civilized Nations of the world. Tizo dedicated his whole life to his Nation. He died so that it should live. With his blood, he scaled the Slovak Nation's right to a free life. He has thus shown before the whole world that Slovake have not abandoned the Slovak Republic, and that they are ready to pay with their lives for its freedom.

""Slovak men and women, pray for Dr. Tiso! Keep his memory in your hearths as your most precious possession. It not despair, May Dr. Tiso rest in peace; the Slovak Republic will be restore. We must all work so that we can again tear from alien clutches the land which Tiso loved so much. Let us cease meaning and wringing our hands. This would not be worthy of Tiso's gratness. Everyone that avous Tiso's message should work for his Bation as he did. We must fight for our rights as relentlessly as he did. It heads erect, let us proclaim our loyalty to the Mation whichproduced such a great son as Dr. Tiso. We call to you, Slovak men and women: Hold your heads high. The Slovak Republic will again occupy its place as an equal among the Mations of the world. Let all loyal Slovaks go to work in Tipo's spirit.

"Dr. Josef Tico has died. Tay the Slovak earth lie lightly on him. He has died for the Slovak Republic. Long Live the Slovak Republic."

We have received a telegram from the United States announcing that the Slovak Action Committee, exercising on the grounds of Art cle 37 of Part 2 of the Constitution of the Slovak Republic, the powers and prerogatives of the Government of the Slovak Republic, passed the following ordinance at its meeting on Apr. 15, 1947:

"Article 1—Dr. Josef Tiso has uon undying nerit for the free on of the Slovak Mations and for the establish of and maintenance of the Slovak Republic.

"Article II-A Dr. Josef Tiso Order is hereby instituted as the highest decoration in the Slovak State.

"Nore details about this ordinance will be given in one of our next broadcasts.

"Closing announcement: Dear listeners, this is the end of our transmission for today, this end day, in Slevak History. We conclude with the slogan of our beloved Precident 'True to ourselves, forward in unity.' You can hear the 'Voice of the Slovak Republic' again temorrow at 11 p.m. Slovak time, on 44.5 meters for Slovakia, and on two wavelengths in our oversus service on the 19-meter band for the United States and on the 16-meter band for South America. Do not forget that the hour of Slovakia's liberation is approaching inexerably."

"Voice of the Slovak Republic," (Clandestine) in Slovak to Slovakin, Apr. 22, 1947, 4:00 p.m. EST-L

(The broadcast was subjected to the heavy jarring, and it was only occasionally intelligible—Ed.)

(Excerpts)

"The Slovak Nation will not be diverted from its read toward State independence and if there is anything calculated to strengthen the ideal of Slovak State independence it is the trial and murder of the symbol of the Slovak Republic. The attempts of the Szech assasins of the Slovak Nation led by Benes, the archeriminal of evil, and his traitorous assistants, to suppress the ideal of Slovak State independence after the Gorman concentration camps and crematoriums, after the SS mass graves and death factories, and to discredit it... The war resulting from Slovakia's geographical position.

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"In no a se did the Slovak Republic and even les" Dr. Tiso depend on Germeny as today Prague and Bratislava depend on Moscov, and not by far did Slovak statemen collaborate with Germany to the same extent as today...collaborate with the Soviet Union. The Slovak Republic was irreor as regards the Germana than the so-called Czechoslovakia as regards the Soviets. That was the work of Dr. Tiso and his fearless attitude toward forman arrogance. The ideal of Slovak State independence did not come about with History.

"Dr. Tiso's greatness reits on the fact that in the years 1935 and 1939 when he fate of the Nation was at stake, he did not hesitate to place himself at its head. He acted as a man conscious of his responsibility who loved his Nation and his hemeland. His greatness rests on the fact that he showed to be as good a Christian as he was a good Slovek, and also a perfect man. Therefore, he followed the interest of the Slovek Nation in such a way as not to allow his conduct to infringe in any may on the rights of any other Nation. He was never guilty of hatred or persecution of his opponents. He showed himself to be equally great in battle as in victory.

"Tiso is a great President of the Slovak Republic. He will remain great despite the rud thrown at him by those who are today the masters of life or death in Slovakia. Even when placed before the institute masquerading under the neme of a court of law, Dr. Tiso did not for a moment....

"Voice of Slovak Republic," Clandestine, in Slovat to Clavatan, Apr. 23, 1947, 6:00 p.m. EST-L

(Excerpts)

(Editor's Hote:) Reception very poor; heavy and almost continuous jumming)

"Scarcely anyone of Slovak... feels glad at the humiliation of the Slovak Nation. Dut those most deeply prieved by the deeth of Dr. Tice are the nomen of Slovakia. Few of the Slovak women will express their corrow publicly except in practice...

"Woice of Free Slowakia", Clandostine, in English to Europe, Apr. 23, 1947, 5:00 p.m. EST-L

(Excerpts)

(Editor's Note: Bulletin was jamed at frequent intervals).

(Intercepted in progress) "...the Czecho-Communist fracture of Czechoslovetia had special consequences, for example, with commentation camps and with the penalties attached to Slovak political activity.

The Communist minority obtained totalitarian control during the presence of the Soviet Army and maintained it in spite of the anti-Communist issue of the general election. The Slovaks are being decied human rights and fundamental freedoms. The United Gzecho-Communist recess are oppressing anti-Communist Slovakia in a measure never before experienced in the history of the country...

WHelp, us to overthrow the regime of terrorism. The Slovaks do not want to live oppressed in a common State. The Slovaks do not want a Communist totalitarism regime. The Slovaks want to live in their country as well as other Hations. The Slovaks want to work out their destiny in their own Christian and democratic way. Help us to overthrow the Czecho-Communist appression. Czecho-Communist Czechoslovakia is the jumping off ground for international Communism in Europe.

"The capital sentence passed on Dr. Tiso, President of the Slovak Republic, is a political revenue of Mr. Benes and of intermational Communism on the most prominent representative of the Slovak fight for independence and the most radical opponent of red total tarianism. This sentence passed by the

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co-called National Court in Bravislava is in full contradiction to the public opinion of the Slovak population. It is a denial of democratic principles and of the percential principles of justice and right. The rope about Dr. Tiso's head is the sy bol of the oppression of the Slovak Nation and all responsible men of this globe who allowed the suppression of democracy and justice in Slovakia are accomplises of the brutal Czech imperialism and of international Communism.

"The case of Dr. Tiso will be forever evidence of how unjustly the victorians Powers treated the Slovak Nation. The figure of Dr. Tiso remains in the heart of the whole Slovak Nation and there is no court on this earth which can remove from the Slovak mind the admiration and attachment to the President of the Slovak Republic."

"Woice of the Slovak Republic" (Clandestine), in Slovak to Europe, May 18, 1547, 11:00 a.m. EST-L

(Text)

"Station announcement: This is the Voice of the Slovak Republic, broadcasting in the 22-meter band and in the 19 meters for North Averica. We are calling all correspondents of the Slovak Information Service and request them to inform as soon as possible what reception is like in the 22-meter band.

"Dear listeners". We shall now read you a proclamation issued by the representatives of the free will of the Slovak Nation on the occasion of the murder of President Dr. Josef Tiso:

"We hereby acquaint the whole world and all Sloveks with the fact that the first President, founder of the Slovek Republic, Dr. Josef Tiso, was hanged at 5:30 a.m. on Apr. 13, 1947, in the courtyard of the district court in Bratislava.

"The Czech-Communist and Slovak-traitorous clique of the forcibly installed Coverment in Pohemia and Slovakia whose onlysupport is the dictatorial power of the Soviet Union, against the unannous decision of the Slovak people, regardless of religious or political convictions, has committed the most shemeful; and inhuman act in sentencing to death by hanging Dr. Josef Tiso, the first President, founder of the Slovak Republic.

"'This is a crime against the Catholic Church, against humanity, and against the Slovak Nation.

"All persons taking part or in any way implicated in this act are excommunicated from the Christian-Catholic Church, expelled from the
society of mankind, and from Slovak national life. On Dr. Tiso's body
we call, demand, and appeal to all Slovaks throughout the world to
ur'e and work to remove the injustice committed on the Slovak Nation
to alter the present position in favor of the Slovak Nation by restoring
its sovereignty. The sufferings of the Slovak Nation, its pains and
torments (must) penetrate the conscience of all mankind."

(Editor's Note: At this point the station was caucht by the usual strong jaming and rendered unintelligible except for occasional words. The transmissions lasted about 20 minutes.)

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